1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to weapons and firearms; creating s. 3 776.00111, F.S.; providing for construction of 4 statutes that implicate the right to bear arms or 5 defend one's self; creating s. 790.0015, F.S.; 6 providing that certain persons and public entities 7 that infringe on specified rights of an individual may be subject to liability under specified provisions and 8 9 have no immunity; providing an exception; providing 10 construction; creating s. 790.0016, F.S.; providing 11 that an employer may direct an employee regarding 12 weapons; providing that an employee has no cause of action against an employer regarding such direction; 13 14 providing construction; amending s. 790.02, F.S.; 15 specifying that a law enforcement officer may arrest a 16 person for the unlicensed carrying of a concealed weapon only upon probable cause that such a violation 17 is being committed; amending s. 790.053, F.S.; 18 19 providing that a person licensed to carry a concealed 20 firearm or weapon may also openly carry such firearm 21 or weapon as long as such person is in compliance with 2.2 specified provisions; amending s. 790.25, F.S.; revising legislative findings concerning the 23 possession and carrying of weapons and firearms; 24 25 revising provisions concerning the construction of 26 provisions; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 776.00111, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

776.00111 Construction.—The judiciary shall employ strict scrutiny in reviewing any statute that implicates the right to bear arms or defend one's self pursuant to this chapter. The right to bear arms or defend one's self is a fundamental and individual right that exists in any place that a person has the right to be, subject only to exceptionally and narrowly tailored restrictions that employ the least possible restriction on the right in order to achieve a compelling government interest.

Section 2. Section 790.0015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

790.0015 Infringement of rights; penalties; construction.—

(1) Unless probable cause exists to believe that a crime has been committed by an individual or a public entity subject to s. 790.33, or person acting on behalf of such public entity, infringing on the rights conferred on that individual or entity by this chapter, chapter 776, s. 8, Art. I of the State Constitution, or the Second Amendment to the United States Constitution is liable pursuant to s. 790.33(3)(c), (d), (e), and (f). Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no immunity applies to such a public entity, or person acting on behalf of such public entity, infringing on such rights in violation of

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this section.

- (2) (a) This chapter, chapter 776, s. 8, Art. I of the State Constitution, and the Second Amendment to the United States Constitution do not modify or diminish the rights of a private owner or lessee of real property, or its agent, or a private employer, to prohibit the possession of a firearm on the property or to post or display written notice or otherwise directly communicate to any person on the property that the possession of a firearm is prohibited on the property.
- (b) This chapter, chapter 776, s. 8, Art. I of the State Constitution, and the Second Amendment to the United States

 Constitution do not expand any existing duty, or create any additional duty, on the part of a private owner or lessee of real property, or its agent, or a private employer.

Section 3. Section 790.0016, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

790.0016 Employer weapons policies.—An employee shall not have a cause of action against an employer related to disciplinary action of the employer, including termination of employment, resulting from the failure of the employee to comply with an order of the employer to carry, or not to carry, or the manner of carrying, a weapon on his or her person during work hours. This section does not impair a cause of action against employers arising from another statutory or constitutional provision.

Section 4. Section 790.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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read:

790.02 Officer to arrest without warrant and upon probable cause.—The <u>unlicensed</u> carrying of a concealed weapon is declared a breach of peace, and any officer authorized to make arrests under the laws of this state may make arrests without warrant of persons violating the provisions of s. 790.01 when said officer has reasonable grounds or probable cause to believe that the offense of <u>unlicensed</u> carrying of a concealed weapon is being committed.

Section 5. Section 790.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.053 Open carrying of weapons.

- carry a concealed firearm or weapon pursuant to this chapter may openly carry such firearm or weapon; however, except as otherwise provided by law and in subsection (2), it is unlawful for any other person to openly carry on or about his or her person a any firearm or electric weapon or device. It is not a violation of this section for a person licensed to carry a concealed firearm as provided in s. 790.06(1), and who is lawfully carrying a firearm in a concealed manner, to briefly and openly display the firearm to the ordinary sight of another person, unless the firearm is intentionally displayed in an angry or threatening manner, not in necessary self-defense.
- (2) A person may openly carry, for purposes of lawful self-defense:

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105 (a) A self-defense chemical spray.

- (b) A nonlethal stun gun or dart-firing stun gun or other nonlethal electric weapon or device that is designed solely for defensive purposes.
- (3) Any person violating this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- Section 6. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 790.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 790.25 Lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms and other weapons.—
- (1) DECLARATION OF POLICY.—The Legislature finds as a matter of public policy and fact that the possession and carrying of weapons and firearms by law-abiding individuals for lawful purposes, including self-defense, enhances public safety and that it is necessary to promote firearms safety and to curb and prevent the use of firearms and other weapons in crime and by incompetent persons without prohibiting the lawful use in defense of life, home, and property, and the use by United States or state military organizations, and as otherwise now authorized by law, including the right to use and own firearms for target practice and marksmanship on target practice ranges or other lawful places, and lawful hunting and other lawful purposes.
- (4) CONSTRUCTION.—The judiciary shall construe this act in conjunction with the right to bear arms or defend one's self as

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provided in chapter 776. The right to bear arms or defend one's self is a fundamental and individual right that exists in any place that a person has the right to be, subject only to exceptionally and narrowly tailored restrictions that employ the least possible restriction on the right in order to achieve a compelling government interest. This act shall be liberally construed to carry out the declaration of policy herein and in favor of the constitutional right to keep and bear arms for lawful purposes. This act is supplemental and additional to existing rights to bear arms now guaranteed by law and decisions of the courts of Florida, and nothing herein shall impair or diminish any of such rights. This act shall supersede any law, ordinance, or regulation in conflict herewith.

Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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